National Literacy Trust

Walk and Talk

Change your story

Use these cards to help you talk to your baby or child while you are out and about. This will help develop their speech and communication skills.

In partnership with





Look, listen, and chat.

The conversations you have with your child can make a difference to their future.



Did you know?

Talking to your baby before they can say any words helps them learn to talk.

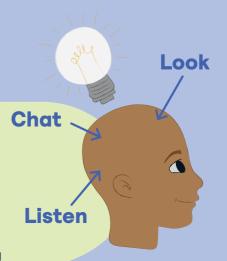
Try having a 'babble' chat with them by copying the sounds they make!



Why?

The first five years of a child's life have a big impact. The development that happens helps improve their future learning, happiness and wellbeing.

You can help this development by finding opportunities to talk and listen to them as often as you can, and introduce them to new things.





How?

- Read the cards for ideas, and take them out with you.
- Follow your child's lead (notice what they're interested in).

 Every conversation you have with your child will make a difference.



You might notice and talk about...

Things that are living, that move, that you can hear or smell, the weather, letters and numbers, different ways you can move, patterns, textures and more.



You could:

Count

1234

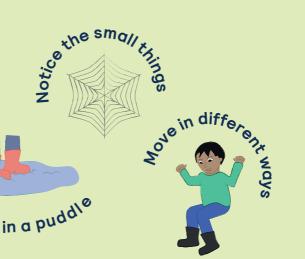
Play I Spy





Splash in a puddle







Follow your child's lead. Talk about the things they are doing and have noticed.



Did you know?

Showing your child you're interested in what they do and say boosts their confidence.



Give your baby or child time to think and respond when you talk to them.



Top tip:

Wait at least 5-15 seconds for your child to respond when you speak to them.



Repeat back the sounds and words your child says, and add one or two more sounds or words.



Did you know?

When you copy what your child says, it shows them you are listening. Adding an extra word or two teaches them new words, and how to say longer sentences.



When you have time, take a moment. Slow down and show your child you are listening.



Top tip:

Help your child to look more closely, to notice things they can see or hear.



Think about the type of questions you ask. The best questions are the ones that encourage thinking rather than a single word answer.



Did you know?

It's okay if you can't answer all your child's questions. Visit the library or use the internet to search for answers together.







Change your story

If you are concerned about your child's language development please speak to your health visitor, Family Hub or childcare provider.

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We consulted speech and language therapists, teachers, early years professionals and parents to develop these cards, to help you to help your child.